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Investigating Different Soil Sampling Grid Sizes for Site-Specific Nutrient Management in Georgia

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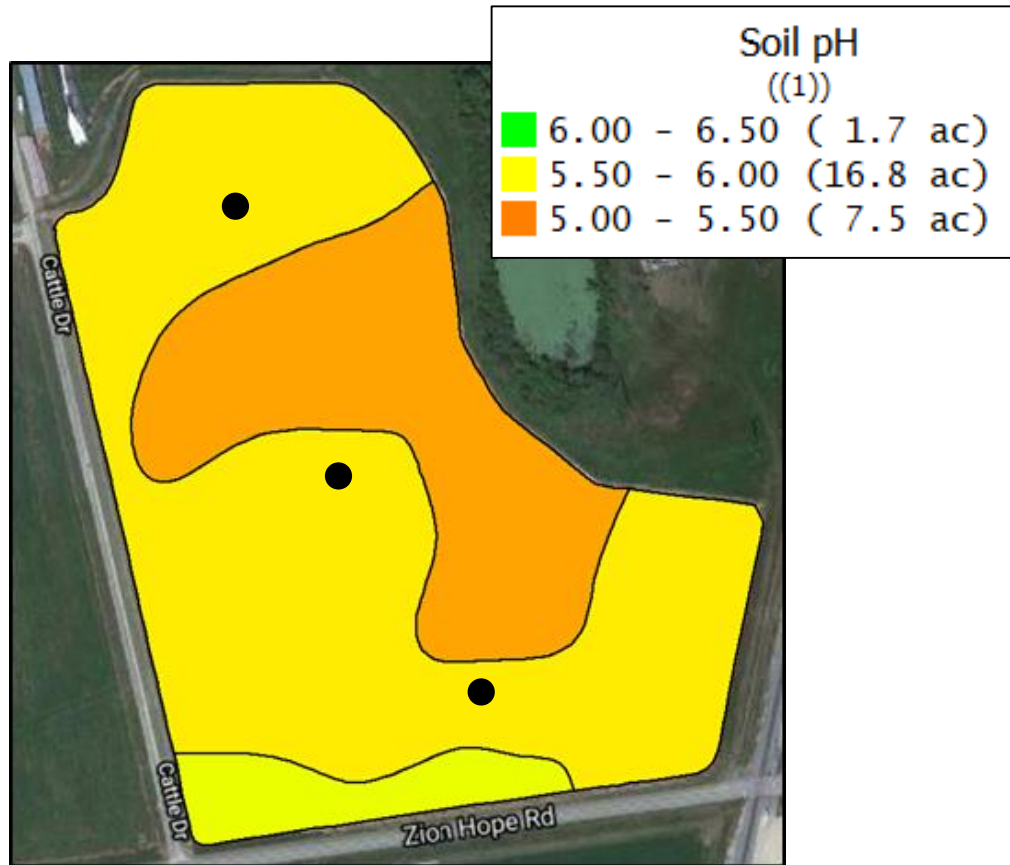
Row-Crop Fertilization

General Recommendations:

- Soil pH: 6.0 – 6.3
- P and K: upper to medium range
- N (Rate and Timing)



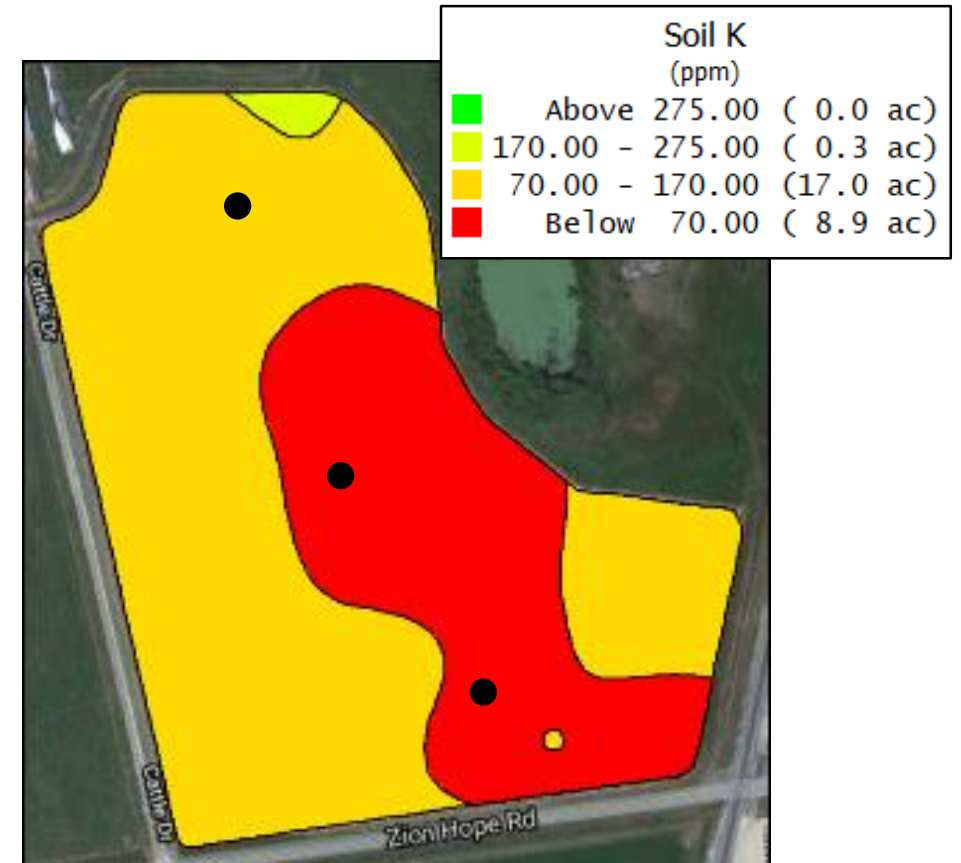
Precision soil sampling to guide Variable-rate fertilizer applications



Lime

Uniform Application - 26 ton - \$1,300
 Variable-Rate Application - 14 ton - \$700

\$23/acre



N-P-K (30-0-110 lbs)

Uniform Application - 2,860 lbs - \$3,224
 Variable-Rate Application - 2,180 lbs - \$2,566

\$25/acre

Precision Soil Sampling Strategies

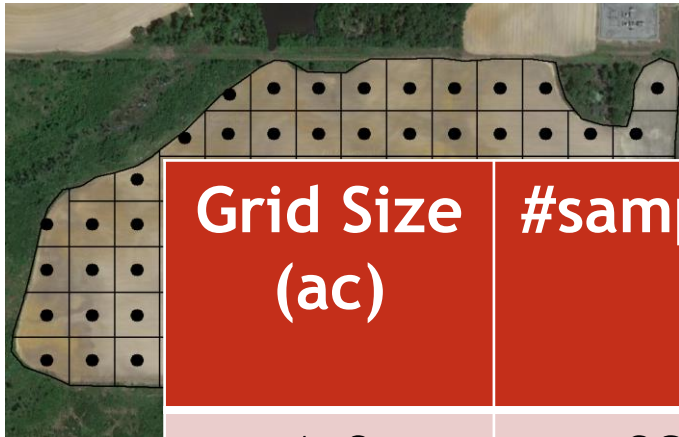


Traditional Soil Sampling
(1-2 composite sample)

Grid Soil Sampling
(uniform sized grids)

Zone Soil Sampling
(zones based on certain
soil/crop properties)

Is there an optimal grid size for precision soil sampling?



Grid Size (ac)	#samples	Soil Sampling/ Labor Costs (\$)	Sample Analysis Costs (\$)	Total Cost (\$)
1.0	92	460	552	1012
2.5	35	414	210	624
5.0	17	368	102	470
7.5	13	368	78	446
10.0	8	368	48	416



7.5 ac



10.0 ac

Investigating accuracy and economics of different grid sizes

(2022 – 9 fields across Georgia)



1.0 ac



2.5 ac



5.0 ac



7.5 ac



10.0 ac

Actual Nutrient Variability

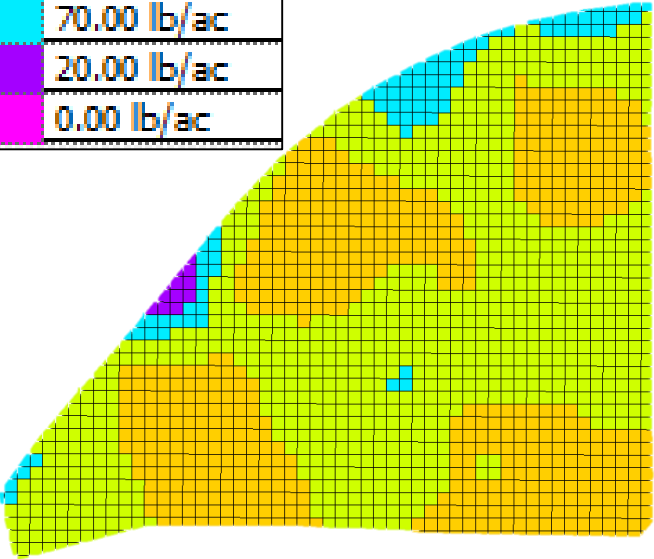
Soil sampling points from all grid sizes (1.0, 2.5, 5.0, 7.5 and 10.0 ac) were combined plus additional soil samples taken as required.



This high-density sampling map (2-4 samples/ac) was assumed to represent actual nutrient variability.

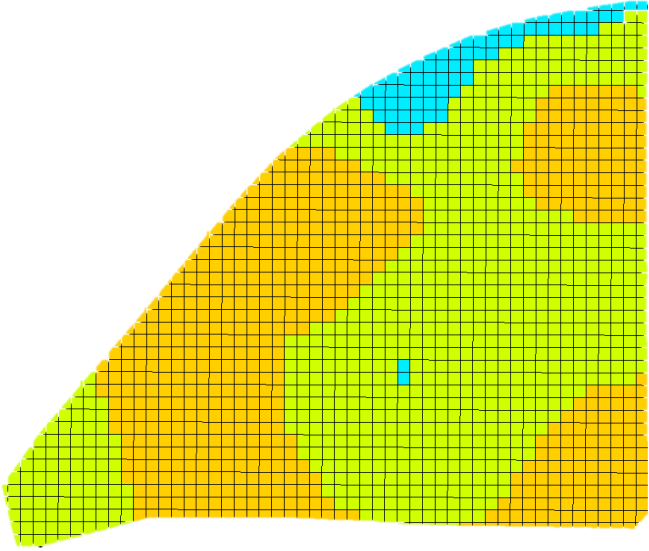
Spatial Application Accuracy

140.00 lb/ac
120.00 lb/ac
95.00 lb/ac
70.00 lb/ac
20.00 lb/ac
0.00 lb/ac



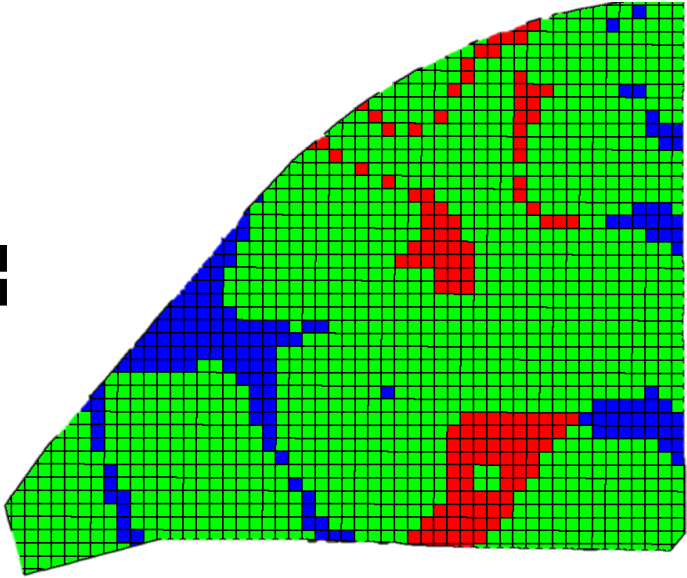
K Prescription Map
(All points representing actual nutrient variability)

-



K Prescription Map
(2.5 ac grid sampling)

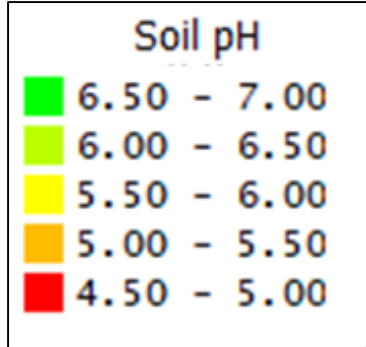
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Map showing on-target, under- and over-application areas

Under Applied

Over Applied



Actual Soil pH
Variability
(163 Samples)

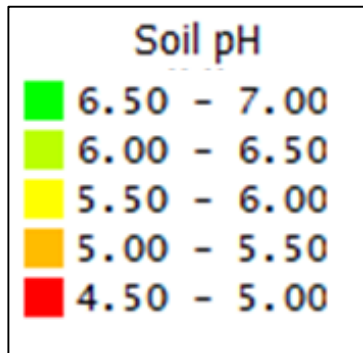


1 ac
(92 samples)

2.5 ac
(35 samples)



5 ac
(17 samples)

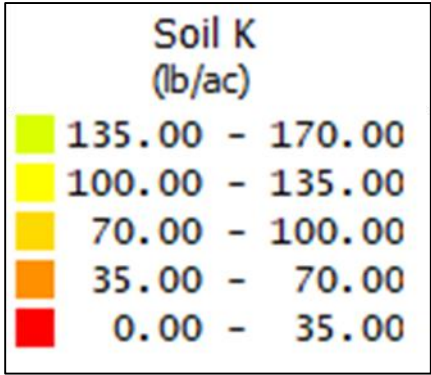


7.5 ac
(13 samples)

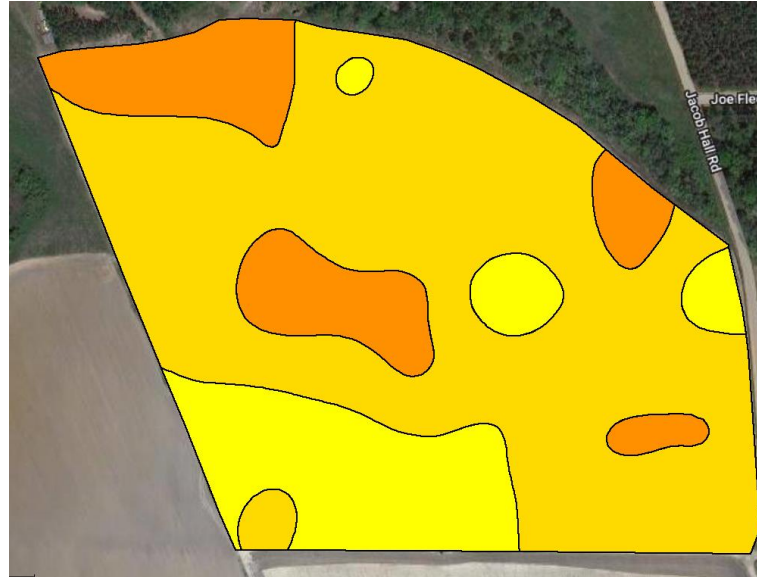
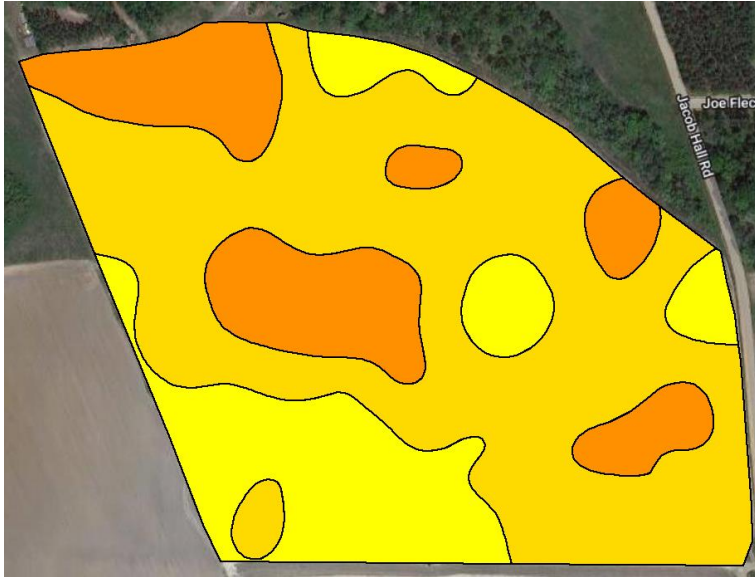


10 ac
(8 samples)





Actual Soil K
Variability
(100 samples)



1 ac
(53 samples)



2.5 ac
(23 samples)



5 ac
(10 samples)

Economic Analysis

Consultant/Soil Lab Fees:

Soil sampling/Labor = \$4-6/ac

Sample analysis = \$6/sample

Variable-Rate Prescription Maps:

Cotton Lint Yield Goal = 1200 lb/ac

2023 UGA Cotton Enterprise Budget:

Lime = \$50/ton

Phosphorus = \$0.67/lb

Potassium = \$0.68/lb

Grid Size (ha)	Samples (#)	Sampling Cost (\$/ac)	Analysis Cost (\$/ac)	Fertilizer Cost (\$/ac)	Total Cost (\$/ac)
1.0	90	6	6	33	45
2.5	35	5	2	29	36
5.0	17	4	1	26	31
7.5	13	4	1	28	33
10.0	8	4	1	37	41

Total Cost (\$/ac)

=

Soil Sampling Cost (\$/ac)

+

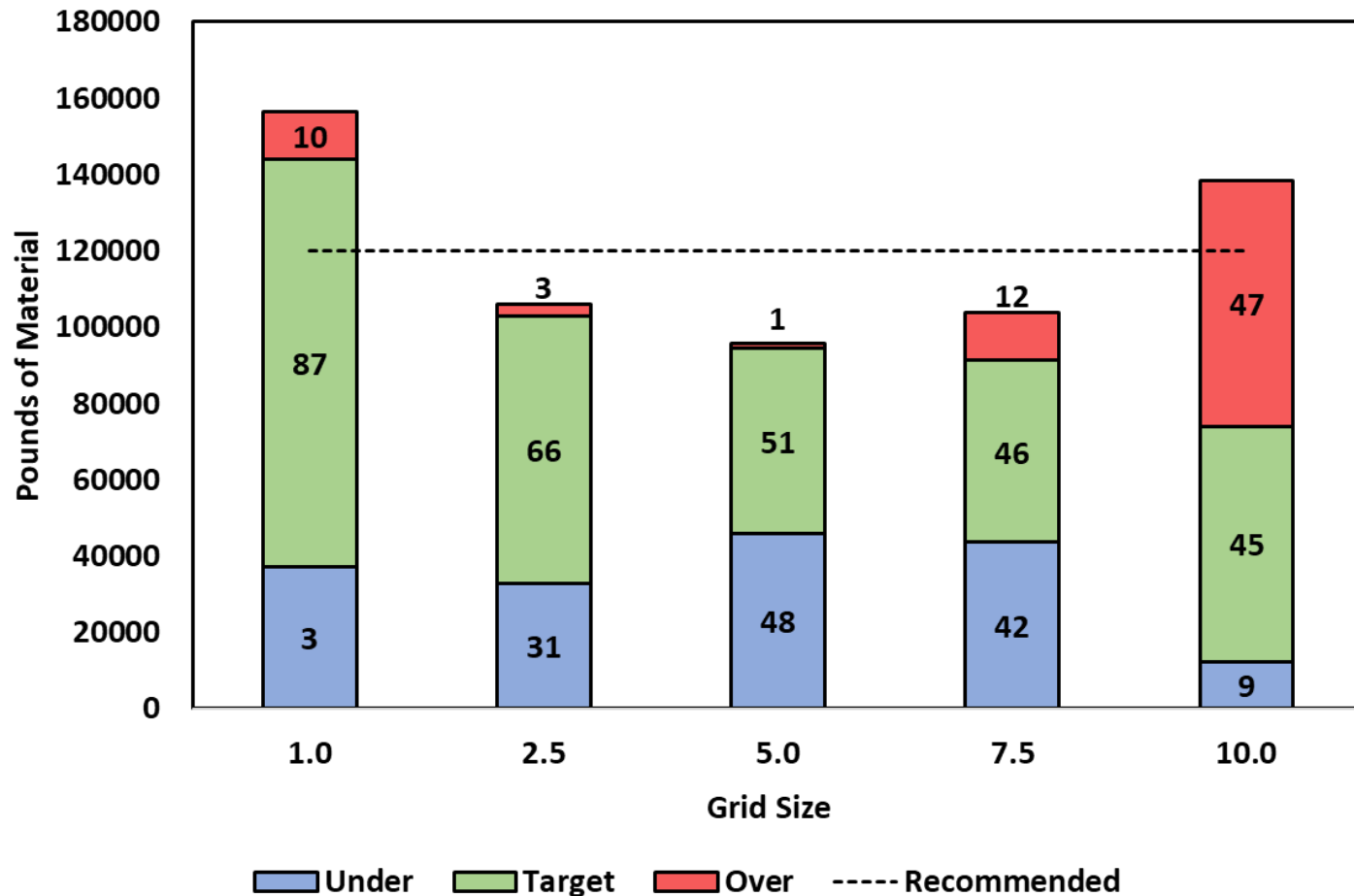
Soil Analysis Cost (\$/ac)

+

Fertilizer Cost (\$/ac)

Application Accuracy and Cost

Field 1 - Lime



Grid Size (ac)	Analysis Cost (\$/ac)	Lime Cost (\$/ac)	Total Cost (\$/ac)
1.0	10	33	43
2.5	6	29	35
5.0	5	26	31
7.5	5	28	33
10.0	5	37	41

*Sampling cost (\$4-6/ac) was constant among all grid sizes.

Grid Size – Effectiveness vs Cost

Lime, Potassium and Phosphorus

Application Accuracy (%)

Grid Size	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9
1.0	87	89	95	90	95	75	91	90	91
2.5	66	85	92	78	93	82	41	70	13
5.0	51	75	75	81	87	80	68	65	77
7.5	46	66	94	11	92	75	41	70	81
10.0	45	34	65	54	30	75	41	48	76

Application Costs (\$/ac)

Grid Size	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	F9
1.0	43	20	34	33	34	43	40	38	56
2.5	35	14	28	27	30	41	31	33	64
5.0	31	15	23	26	32	41	35	36	55
7.5	33	20	30	5	30	42	30	31	51
10.0	41	17	22	18	39	42	30	22	55

Field 1

Lime

Grid Size	Accuracy (%)	Cost (\$/ac)
1.0	89	20
2.5	85	14
5.0	75	15
7.5	66	20
10.0	34	17

P

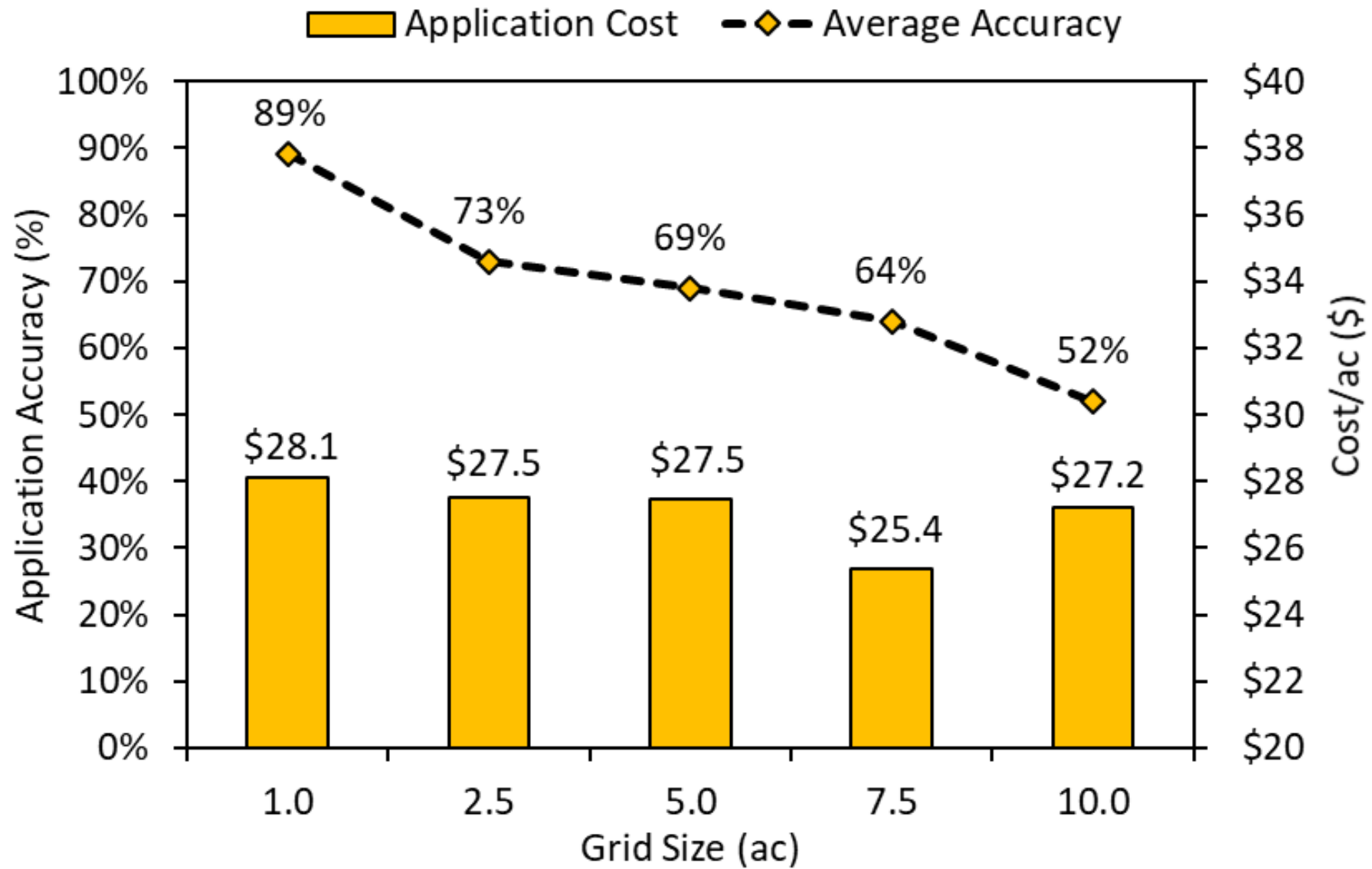
Grid Size	Accuracy (%)	Cost (\$/ac)
1.0	92	16
2.5	82	15
5.0	70	13
7.5	74	14
10.0	77	10

K

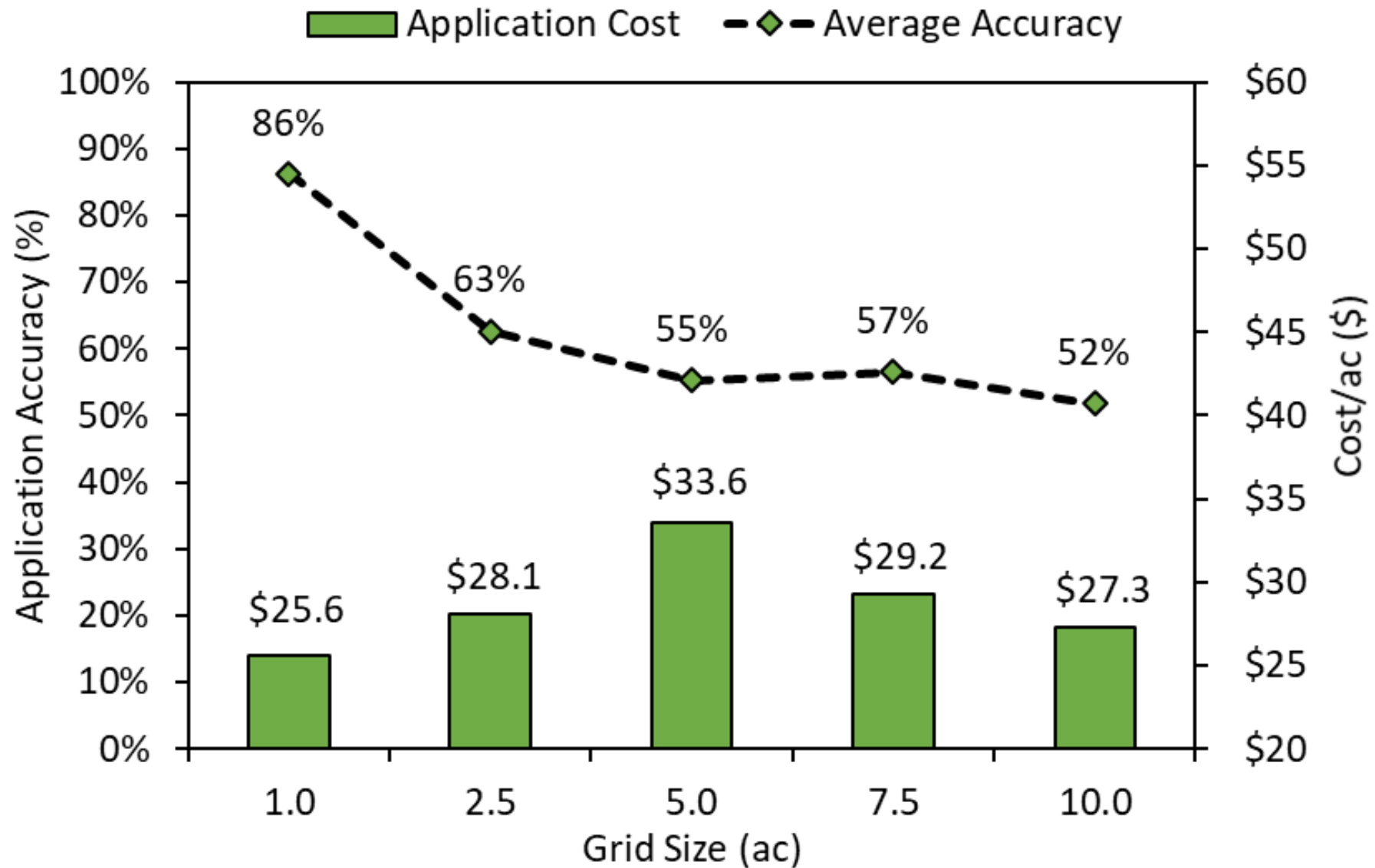
Grid Size	Accuracy (%)	Cost (\$/ac)
1.0	88	89
2.5	72	85
5.0	66	82
7.5	49	86
10.0	44	86

How do we make a grid size decision here?

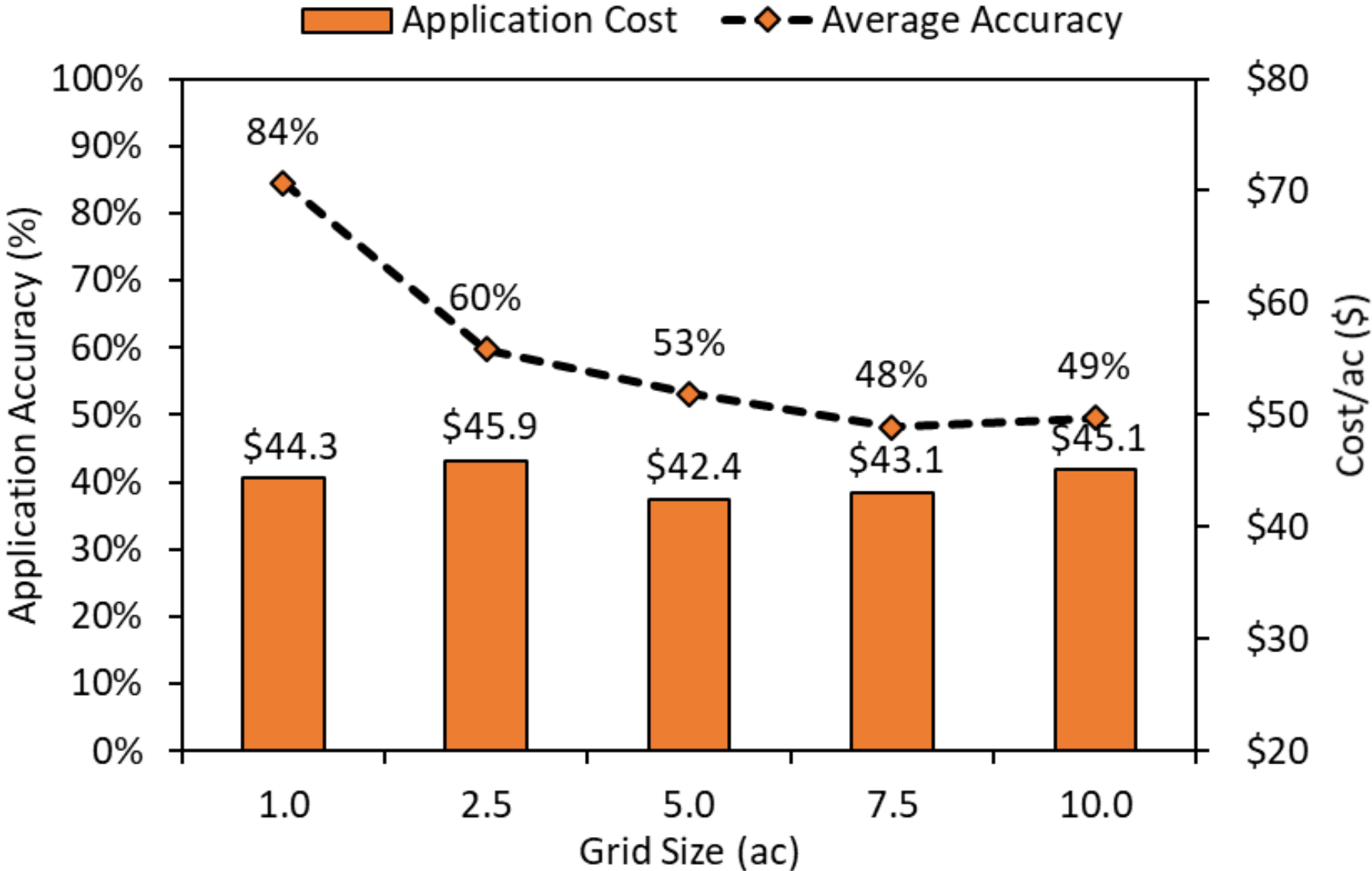
Lime



Phosphorus

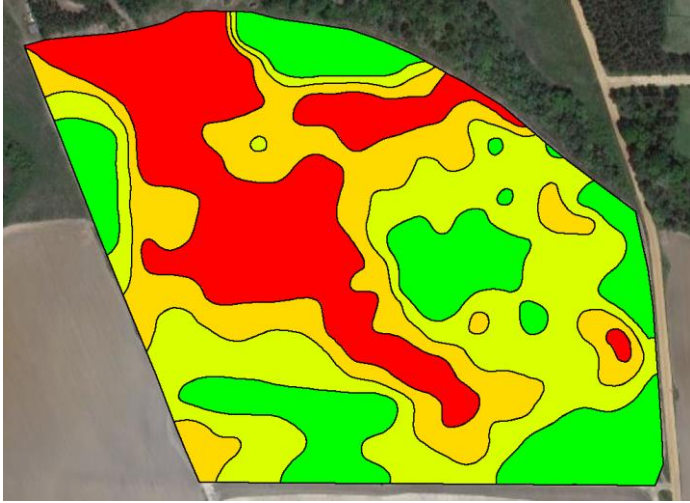


Potassium

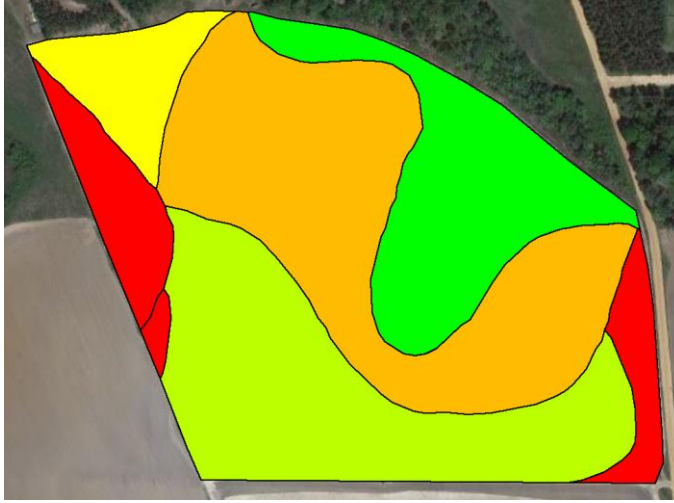


Zone Sampling

(Management Zones for Soil Sampling)



Soil EC (4 zones)



Soil Type (5 zones)



In-Season Crop Imagery/NDVI
(3 zones)

Soil Color/Brightness
(3 zones)



Zone-Based Soil Sampling

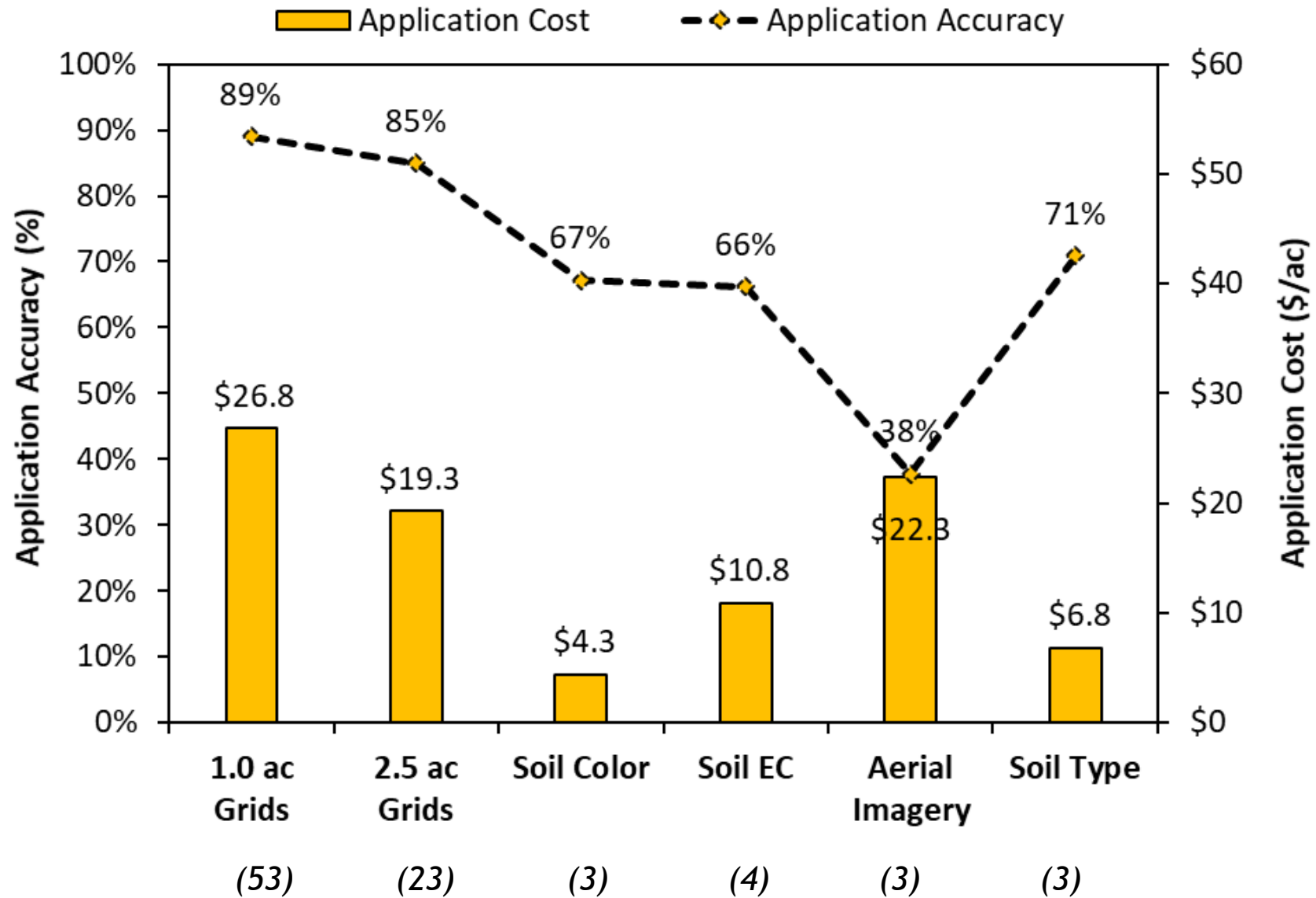


5 Zones = 5 Soil Samples
(composite for each zone)

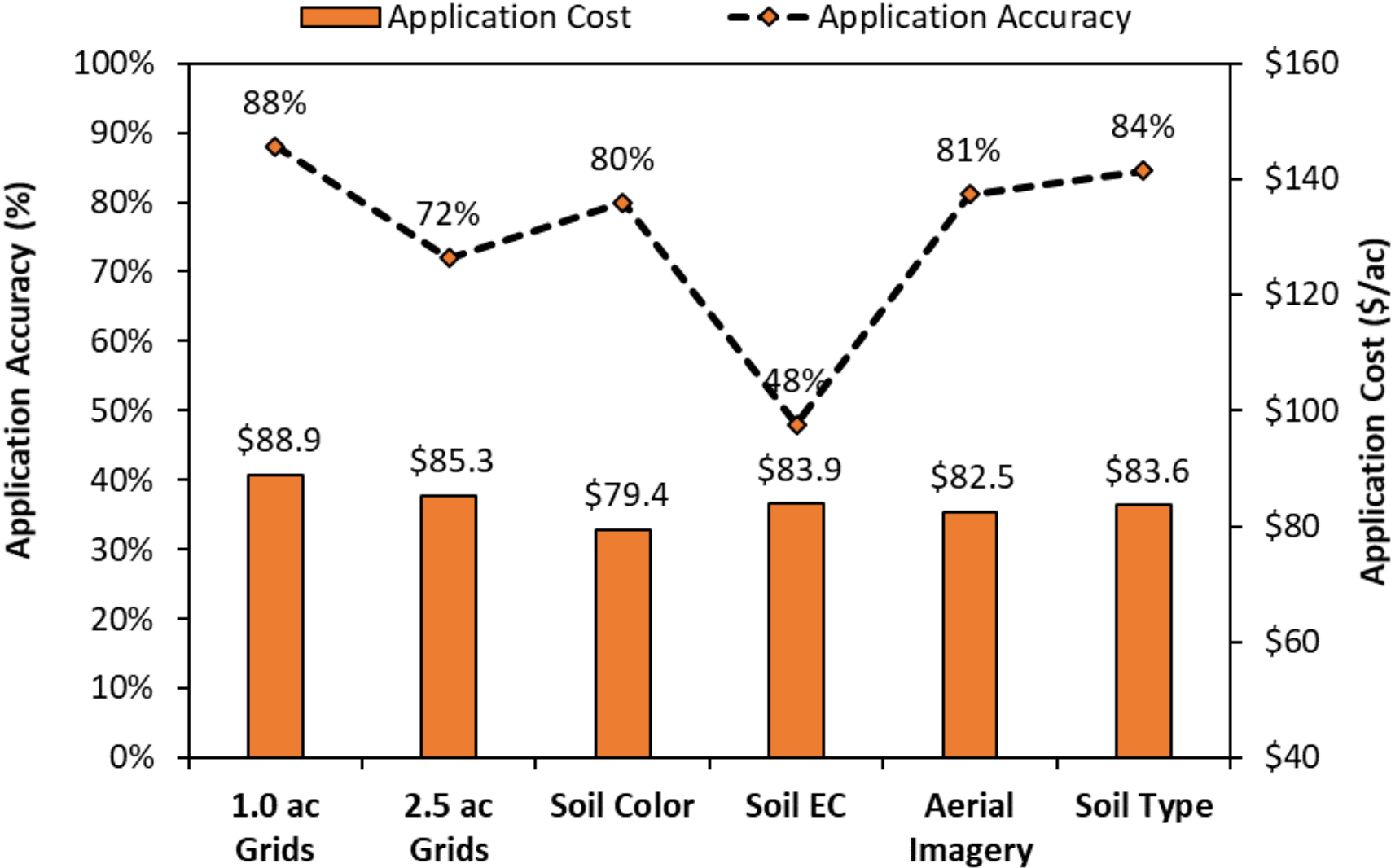
Each zone = 3 - 10 soil
cores mixed together to
make a composite sample

Soil Sampling/labor costs
- \$8-10/ac *(expertise to
create zones)*

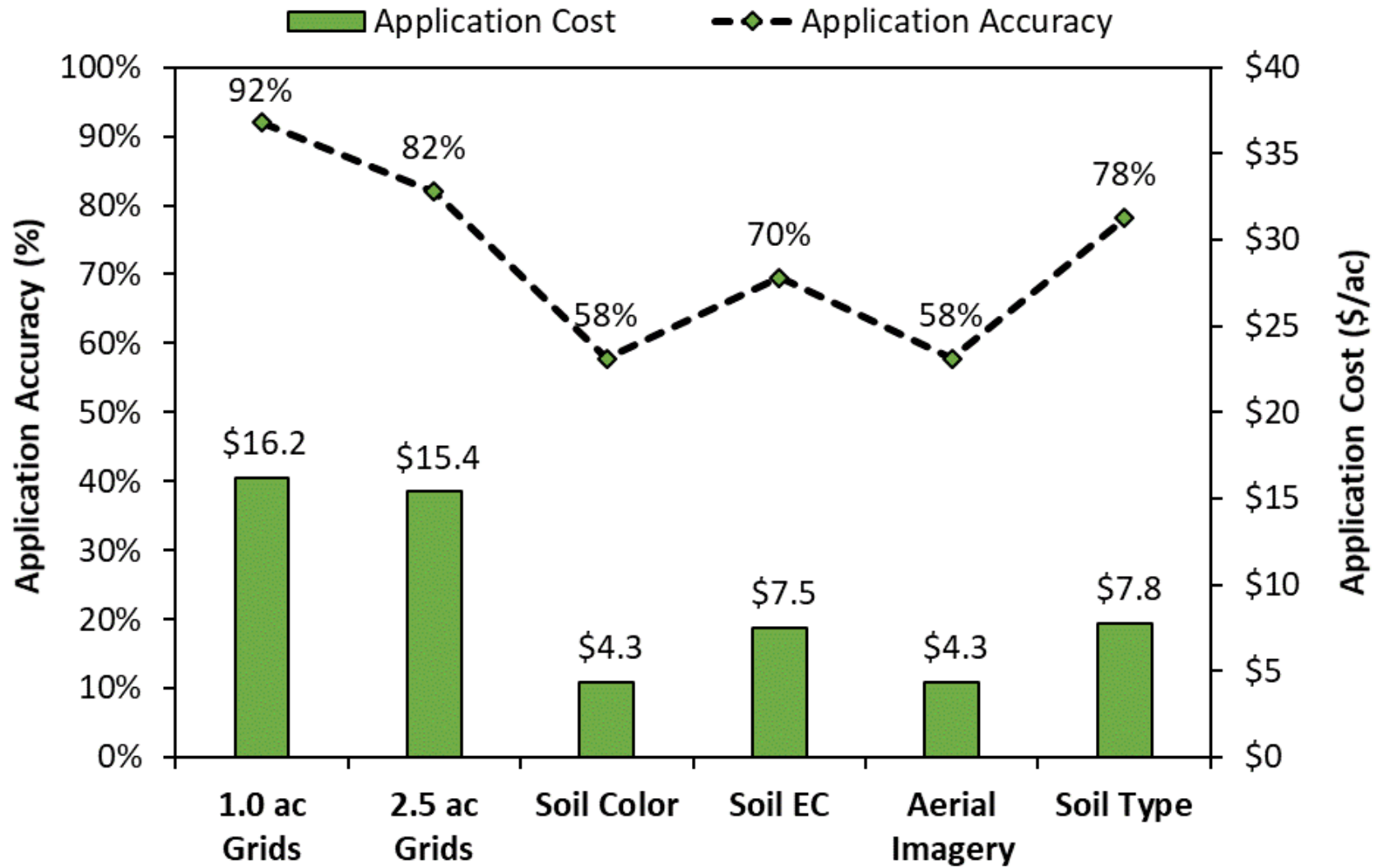
Lime



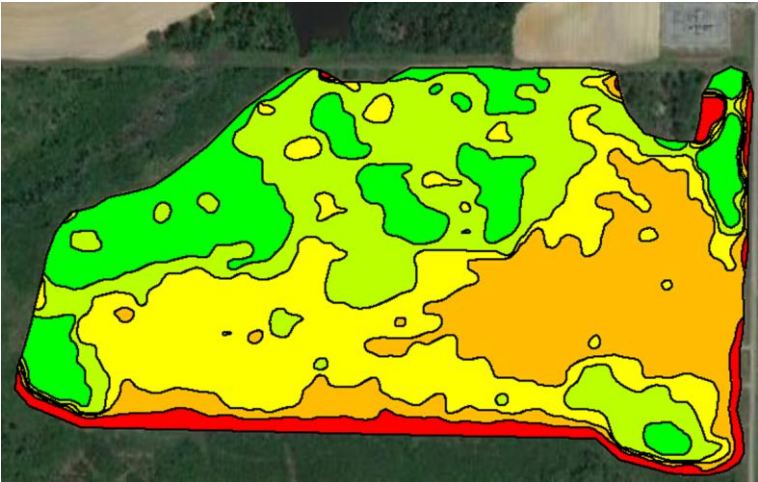
Potassium



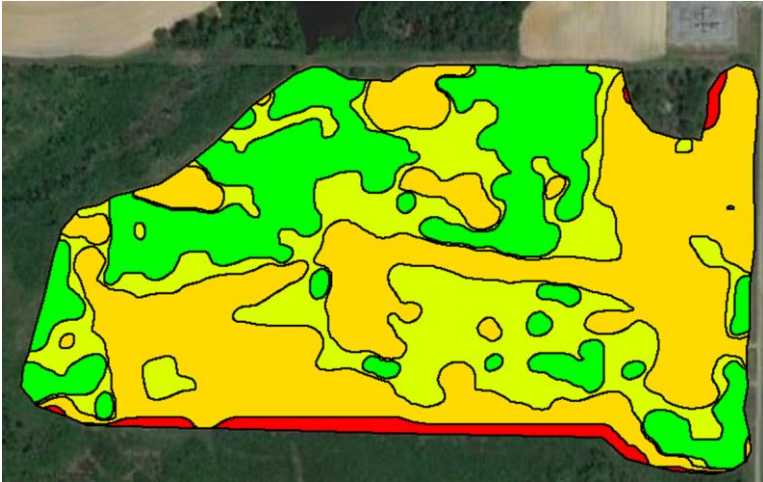
Phosphorus



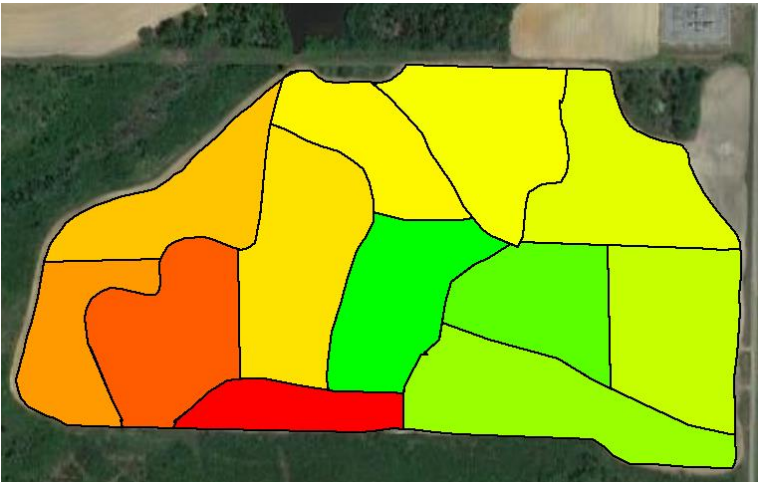
Zone Sampling - Field 2



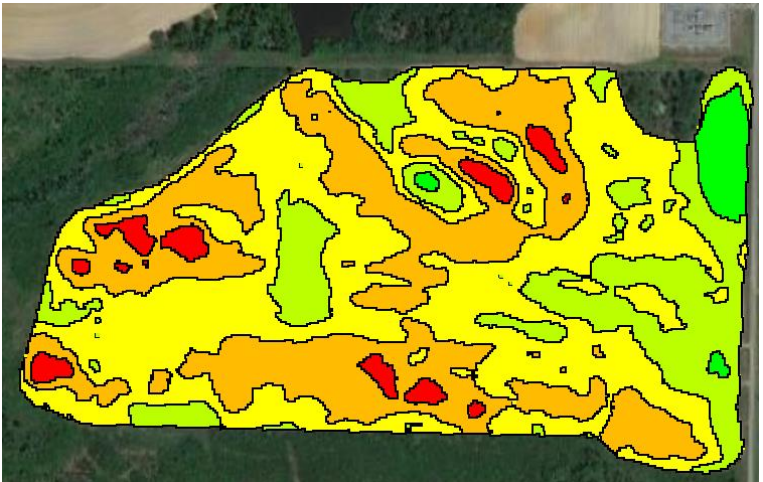
Soil Color/Brightness (5 samples)



Soil EC (4 samples)

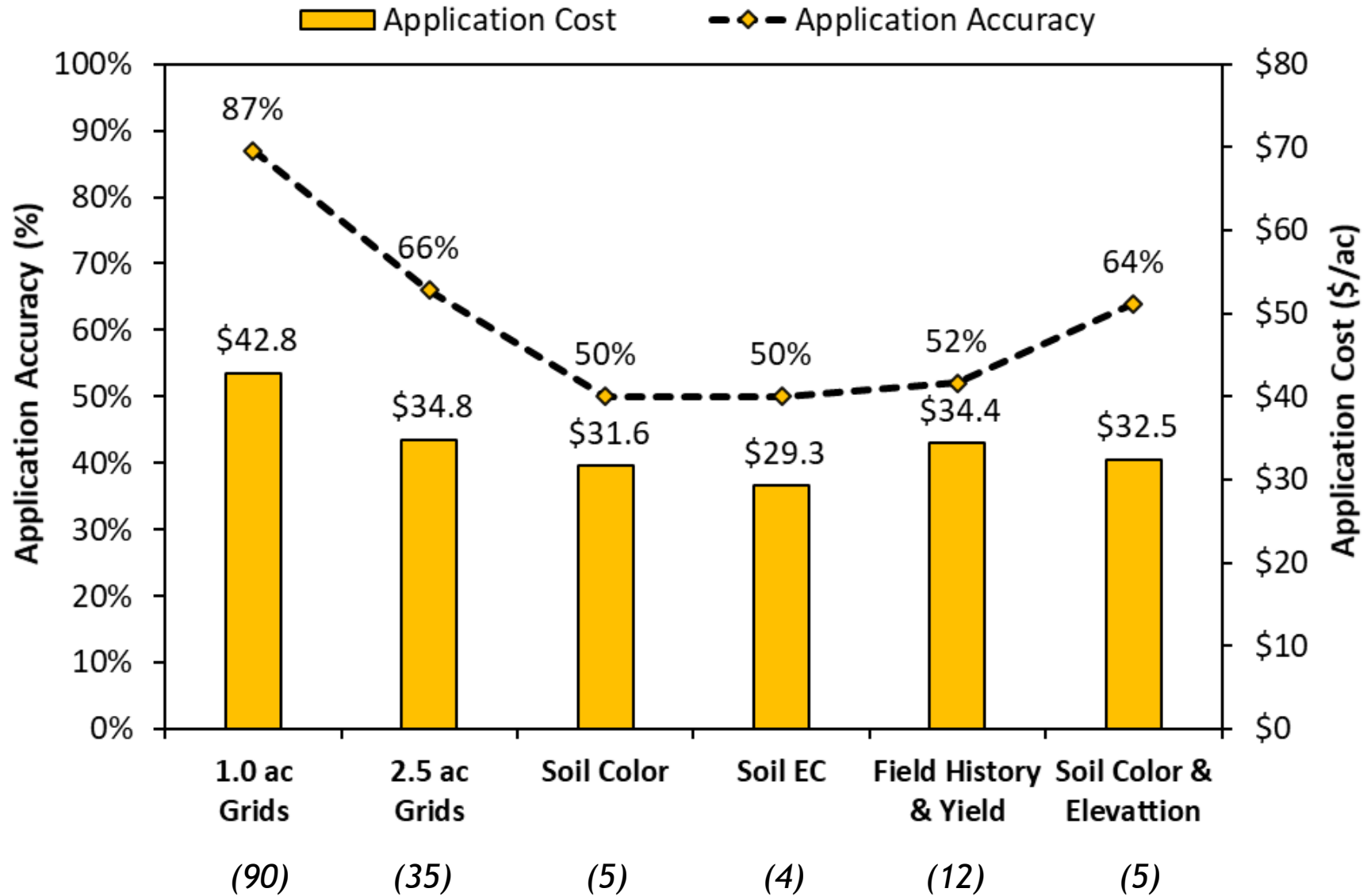


Field Knowledge and Yield (12 samples)

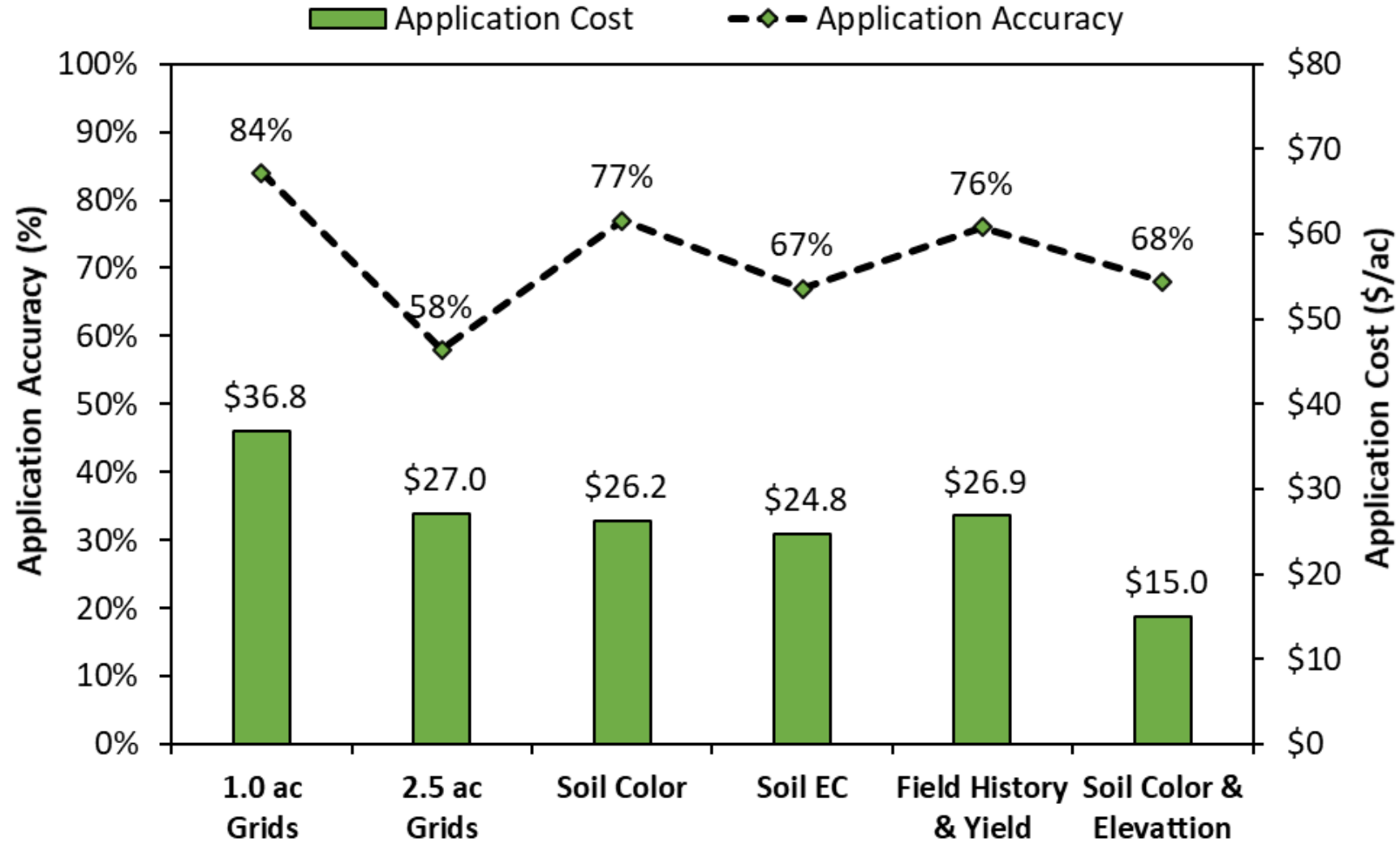


Soil Color and Elevation (5 samples)

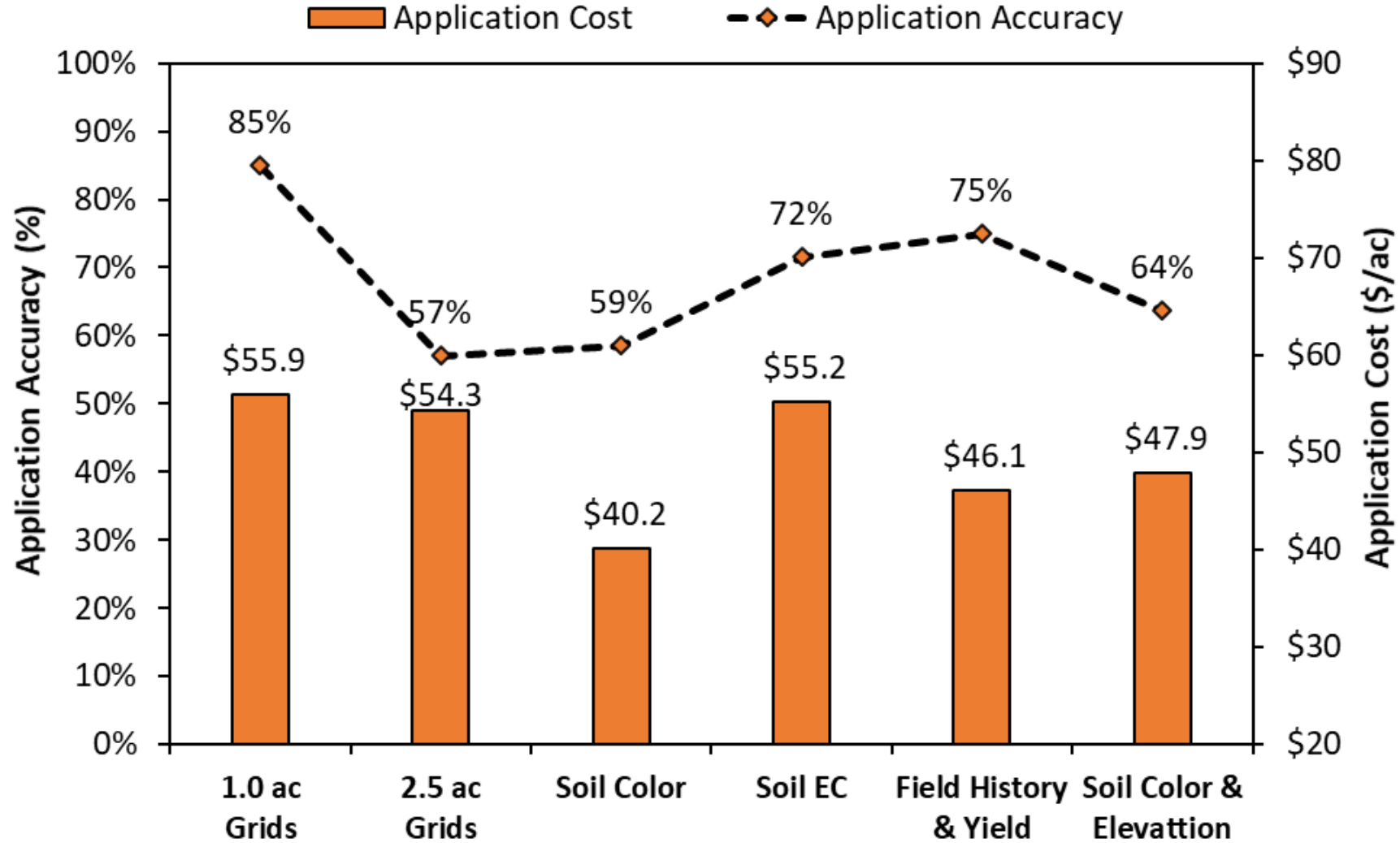
Lime



Phosphorus



Potassium



Our Current Recommendations in Georgia

- **Grid sampling** – grid size should not be greater than 2.5 ac. All new and existing fields should be sampled at least once on 1-ac to understand variability.
- **Zone sampling** – keep it simple and practical. Incorporate important data layers (e.g. field knowledge/history) to refine management zones.
- **Grid vs Zone** – start with grid sampling and gradually transition to zone sampling to be efficient with site-specific nutrient management and cost-effective.

Thanks!

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